# Identification of the beneficial owners according to the Money Laundering Act

#### **General information**

According to the Money Laundering Act (MLA), notaries are considered as obliged entities. Therefore, they shall identify the **beneficial owners** of companies in certain transactions (Sec. 10, para. 1, pt. 2 of the MLA).

Beneficial owners are **natural persons** who, directly or indirectly (in the case of a multi-level shareholder structure), **hold more than 25 % of the capital or voting shares** or **exercise control in a similar way** (Sec. 3, para. 2 of the MLA).

The **involved parties have to make information and documents** required to identify the beneficial owners **available** (Sec. 11, para. 6 of the MLA). If they do not fulfil this obligation, they might be sub-ject to **a prohibition to authenticate** (Sec. 10, para. 9, sentence 4 of the MLA).

Besides, foreign companies have to register in the German **Transparency Register**<sup>1</sup> or that of another EU Member State if they (i) hold or intend to purchase (ii) real estate in Germany or (iii) shares in the amount of 90 percent or more in a company that holds real estate in Germany. As long as the com-pany has not fulfilled this obligation, the notary is mandatorily required to refuse the authentication (Sec. 10, para. 9, sentence 4 of the MLA) (see Annex 2).

In view of the above, you are kindly asked to complete this questionnaire in order to disclose information on the ownership and control structure of the company and to provide certain documents:

Information on the company: (company name, seat, business address)

1. Can the shareholder structure of the company be derived correctly from company documents (especially articles of association or list of shareholders; excerpts from the commercial register are not sufficient)?

#### Yes

→ Please attach the corresponding document(s) and explain if necessary (in the case of private limited liability companies (GmbH), the notary can consult the list of shareholders in the commercial register)

### No

→ Please indicate the shareholder structure (see Annex 1)

Note: If other companies hold shares of the company (= multi-level shareholder structure), their shareholder structure is to be disclosed as well; this continues to apply until only natural persons appear at the end of the corporate ownership chain. In the case of a multi-level shareholder structure, a graphical representation is recommended, see Annex.

2. Do voting rights correspond to ownership?

Yes (this is usually the case)

No (e.g. due to agreements on voting rights, pooling agreements or incongruent voting rights)

→ Please attach the corresponding document(s) and explain if necessary (the notary can consult the articles of association of private limited liability companies (GmbH) and public limited liability companies (AG) in the commercial register)

 $<sup>^{1} \</sup> For further information on the \ Transparency \ Register, see \ \underline{https://www.transparenzregister.de/treg/en/start?0.}$ 

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3. Are there persons or companies which, although they do not hold more than 25 % of the company's capital or voting shares or do not hold any shares at all, can substantially influence or prevent decisions of the company?

No (this is usually the case)

Yes (e.g. due to trust or control agreements, special or veto rights)

→ Please attach the corresponding document(s) and explain if necessary (the notary can consult the articles of association of private limited liability companies (GmbH) and public limited liability companies (AG) in the commercial register)

Further explanations:

Place and date:

Name/function of the declarant:

# Annex 1 - ownership and control structure

Template for an overview of the ownership and control structure

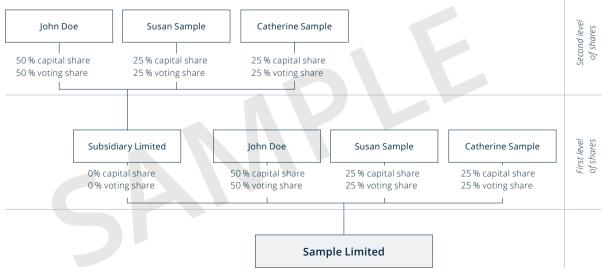
| First and last name / company<br>name of the shareholder | Place of residence / business<br>address of the shareholder | capital share | voting share |
|--|---|---------------|--------------|
|  |   |               |              |
|  |   |               |              |
|  |   |               |              |
|  |   |               |              |
|  |   |               |              |

#### **Remarks**

If other companies hold shares of the company (= multi-level shareholder structure), their ownership and control structure shall be disclosed as well; this continues to apply until only natural persons appear at the end of the shareholder structure. In the case of a multi-level shareholder structure, a graphical representation is recommended (see below).

If there is no natural person who holds directly or indirectly more than 25 % of the capital or voting shares of the company or can by other means substantially influence or prevent decisions of the company, legal representatives, managing shareholders or partners of the company shall be indicated as (fictitious) economic owners.

# Example for a graphical representation of ownership and control structure



# Annex 2 - Real estate acquisition by foreign companies

## **Obligation of registration**

If a company which has its registered office abroad (i) holds or undertakes to acquire (ii) ownership of real estate located in Germany or (iii) shares in the amount of 90 percent or more in a company that holds real estate located in Germany, it is obliged to provide the German Transparency Register with cer-tain information on the beneficial owner for registration (Sec. 20, para. 1, sentence 2 of the MLA). It is sufficient if this information has already been transmitted to another transparency register of a Member State of the European Union. As long as the company has not complied with this obligation, the notary is mandatorily required to refuse the authentication (Sec. 10, para. 9, sentence 4 of the MLA).

## **Mandatory information**

The German Transparency Register must be provided with the following information of the beneficial owners (Sec. 19, para. 1 of the MLA):

- First and last name
- Date of birth
- Place of residence
- Nature and scope of the economic interest
- · Nationality

### **Further information**

For further information on the German Transparency Register as well as on the registration and transmission of information about beneficial owners, see  $\frac{\text{https://www.transparenzregister.de/treg/en/start?1}}{\text{the website is available in English as well)}}.$